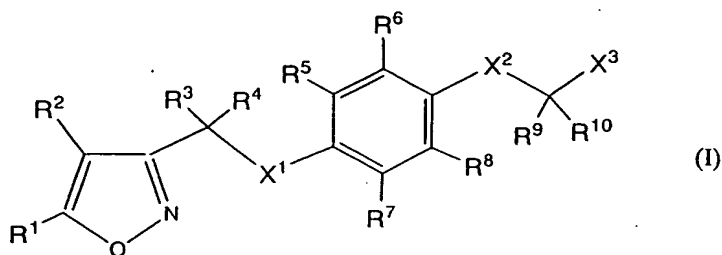


# Abstract

A compound of formula (I) :



(wherein

$R^1$ - $R^{10}$  are each independently hydrogen, halogen, optionally substituted lower alkyl or the like,  $X^1$  is  $-O-$ ,  $-S-$ ,  $-NR^{11}-$  (wherein  $R^{11}$  is hydrogen, lower alkyl or the like),  $-CR^{12}R^{13}CO-$ ,  $-(CR^{12}R^{13})_mO-$ ,  $-O(CR^{12}R^{13})_m-$  (wherein  $R^{12}$  and  $R^{13}$  are each independently hydrogen or lower alkyl and  $m$  is a integer between 1 and 3) or the like,  $X^2$  is a bond,  $-O-$ ,  $-S-$ ,  $-NR^{14}-$  (wherein  $R^{14}$  is hydrogen, lower alkyl or the like,  $R^{14}$  and  $R^6$  can be taken together with the neighboring atom to form a ring) or  $-CR^{15}R^{16}-$  (wherein  $R^{15}$  and  $R^{16}$  are each independently hydrogen or lower alkyl,  $R^{15}$  and  $R^6$  or  $R^{10}$  can be taken together with the neighboring carbon atom to form a ring,  $R^{16}$  and  $R^9$  can be joined together to form a bond),  $X^3$  is  $COOR^{17}$ ,  $C(=NR^{17})NR^{18}OR^{19}$  or the like), a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or a solvate thereof.